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# U.S. Describes Data That Spy Provided Israel

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Special to The New York Cast

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6 — Jonathan Jay Pollard, the former Navy analyst who became a spy for Israel, compromised more than 1,000 classified documents, most of them marked top secret, the Justice Department charged today.

In a memorandum recommending a stiff prison term for Mr. Pollard, the department indicated that copies of some of the same documents were later retrieved from the Israeli authorities.

The 56-page sentencing memorandum filed today in Federal District Court also accused Mr. Pollard, a counterterrorism specialist who pleaded guilty to espionage last June, of providing classified Government documents to two private "investment advisers."

Mr. Pollard hoped that the advisers, who were not identified and have not been charged in the case, would later assist him in business ventures, the department said.

### 'The High Life Style'

The department attempted to discount Mr. Pollard's assertion that his actions were those of an Israeli patriot. Instead, it said, greed appeared to have pushed Mr. Pollard into espionage.

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"The evidence," it said, "shows that defendant had become literally addicted to the high life style" that included first-class travel throughout Europe — he once took a private compartment on the Orient Express from Venice to Zurich — and jewelry for his wife, who has also pleaded guilty in the case.

The Justice Department memorandum was the most complete public account so far of a case that has strained American-Israeli relations and raised questions about the extent of Israeli spying in the United States.

There have been repeated suggestions from the department that several Israelis, including a prominent Air Force colonel who has been linked to the case, might eventually be indicted, and officials were unwilling to dampen the speculation today.

### Investigation Is Continuing

The United States Attorney here, Joseph E. diGenova, who has handled the Pollard case, would not comment on the case against the Israelis.

But in an interview, he said, "This investigation is continuing, and any presumption about the fate of any individual or individuals is a premature."

Although the Government's memorandum did not provide a detailed description of the material compromised by Mr. Pollard, department officials have said previously that he was assigned by the Israelis to gather satelite photographss and intelligence documents related to the Middle East.

Mr. Pollard, 32 years old, had worked for the Navy for six years, most recently as a terrorism analyst at the Anti-Terrorism Alert Center of the Naval Intelligence Service. He was arrested in November 1985 as he attempted to gain asylum at the Israeli Embassy in Washington.

His lawyer, Richard Hibey, said he had not yet read the sentencing memorandum. But he said that some of the Government's allegations were false and would be disputed "vigorously."

At his sentencing next month, Mr. Pollard, who confessed in a plea agreement with the Justice Department, faces a term of up to life in prison and a \$250,000 fine. In its memorandum, the Justice Department asked that Mr. Pollard be sentenced to "substantial period of incarceration and a monetary fine."

"During the approximately 18 months that defendant was selling U.S. secrets to Israel, more than a thousand classified documents were compromised, the majority of which were detailed analytical studies containing technical calculations, graphs and satellite photographs," the memorandum said.

"A substantial number of these documents were hundreds of pages in length. More than 800 of these documents were classified top secret."

## Concern for U.S. Agents

The Justice Department suggested that the documents might have allowed the Israelis to identify American agents overseas.

"Disclosure of such specific information to a foreign power, even an ally of the United States, exposes these human sources of information, and U.S. analytical personnel, to potential intelligence targeting," the department said. The document disclosed that agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation traveled to Israel in December 1985 and retrieved 163 classified American documents from the Israeli Government related to the Pollard case.

An analysis, the department said, "revealed a compelling, statistical link" between the documents and classified material that had been obtained by Mr. Pollard through his Navy job.

The memorandum charged that Mr. Pollard received tens of thousands of dollars from Israeli officials and used the money to support a love of luxury. "Throughout his relationship with the Israelis, the lure of money motivated and eventually consumed this defendant," it said.

According to the document, the Pollards, who had an annual income of \$29,000, traveled through Europe and Israel, and spent thousands of dollars on "five-star" accommodations. In the year prior to their arrest, the

In the year prior to their arrest, the department calculated, the Pollards used their salaries for what appeared to be "routine, although hardly polliving expenses."

In the same period, it and least \$25,000 to \$30,000 in cash, apparently provided by Israeh officials, was used "for what can only be described as ex-

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